

man, who, flushed with fever, smiled at the label 'Made in Canada' on some gift."

A Sister who had been admiring the kit bags and other gifts, said half enviously:

"I wish all the men got as much, your Red Cross gives things worth while. But then you have the dollars!"

"Like a flash the nearest Canadian replied 'It's not the dollars Sister, It's sense and cents!'"

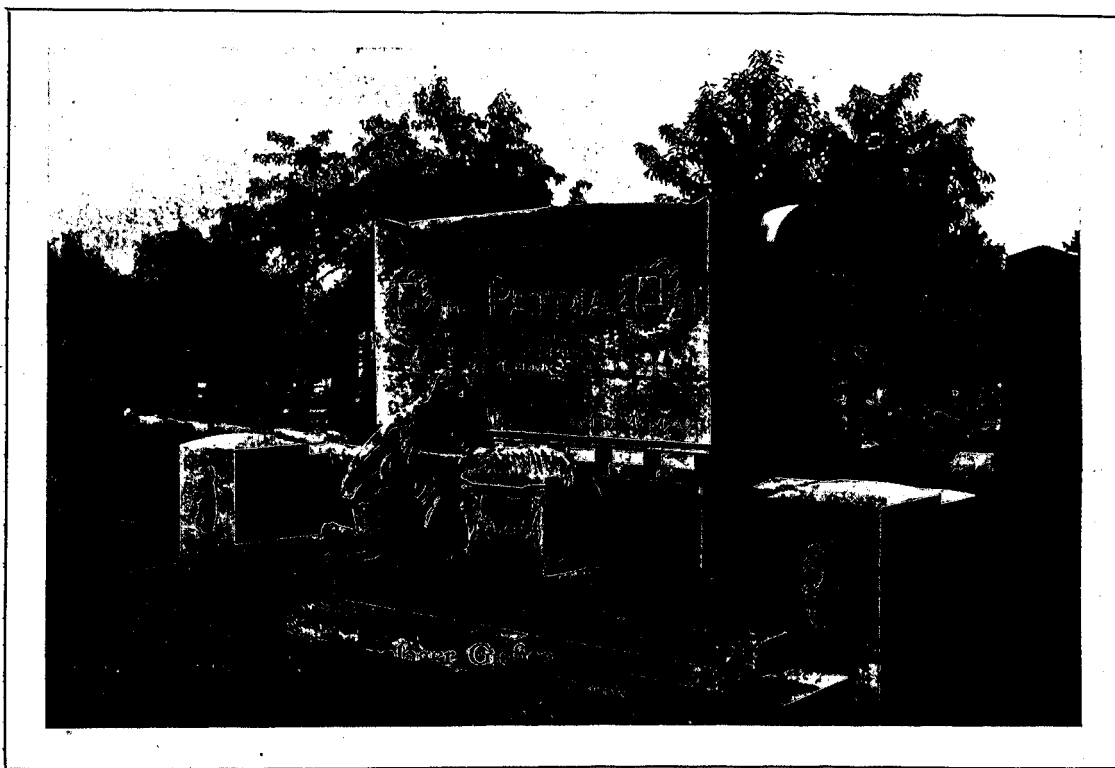
And so it was, the enormous totals of Red Cross Funds were the offerings of the whole community. "They were the generous gifts of the children who saved their candy money, and

"The Fleet can testify to the virtues of the Canadian apple. . . . There were never more grateful recipients of apples than the sailors, for not only did every ship write its thanks, but almost every individual aboard signed the letter."

#### PRISONERS OF WAR.

"Fifteen hundred Canadians were taken prisoners of war at the Second Battle of Ypres. Not a single man was captured who was not either wounded or gassed.

"The story of the Canadian Red Cross Prisoners of War Department begins with this inspiring fact. Its history of four years' work—for its



MONUMENT TO ALLIED PRISONERS OF WAR WHO DIED AT GUSSIN CAMP, GERMANY. THE WORK WAS CARRIED OUT AND THE COST DEFRAID BY PRISONERS OF WAR.

of the men and women who put by a small sum monthly. . . . Two gifts from Canada in especial stand out in the minds of those who worked for the soldiers in hospital. They were apples and Christmas stockings.

"The apples which came over from Canada and were distributed to Canadian soldiers in hospital, as well as to other soldiers, and to other units besides the Canadians, were a source of joy to the men. Wounded Nova Scotia and Ontario might argue bitterly as to the merits of the apples from their respective provinces, but they showed a united front to the Australian or the Englishman who dared to doubt that Canadian apples were the best in the world.

duties did not end when the Armistice was signed—is worthy of the heroism of the men for whom the Department worked so magnificently and so efficiently."

What many British soldiers suffered under the brutal tyranny of the Germans can never be told. "What is known however must thrill everyone with pride in such a race, for it is the story of a spirit unbroken by cruelty, hardship, and loneliness."

Said a Canadian corporal: "I was a prisoner for three years, and I saw a great deal in that time. I never saw a British soldier, no matter where he was from, who had his spirit crushed by his imprisonment. The Germans could not

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